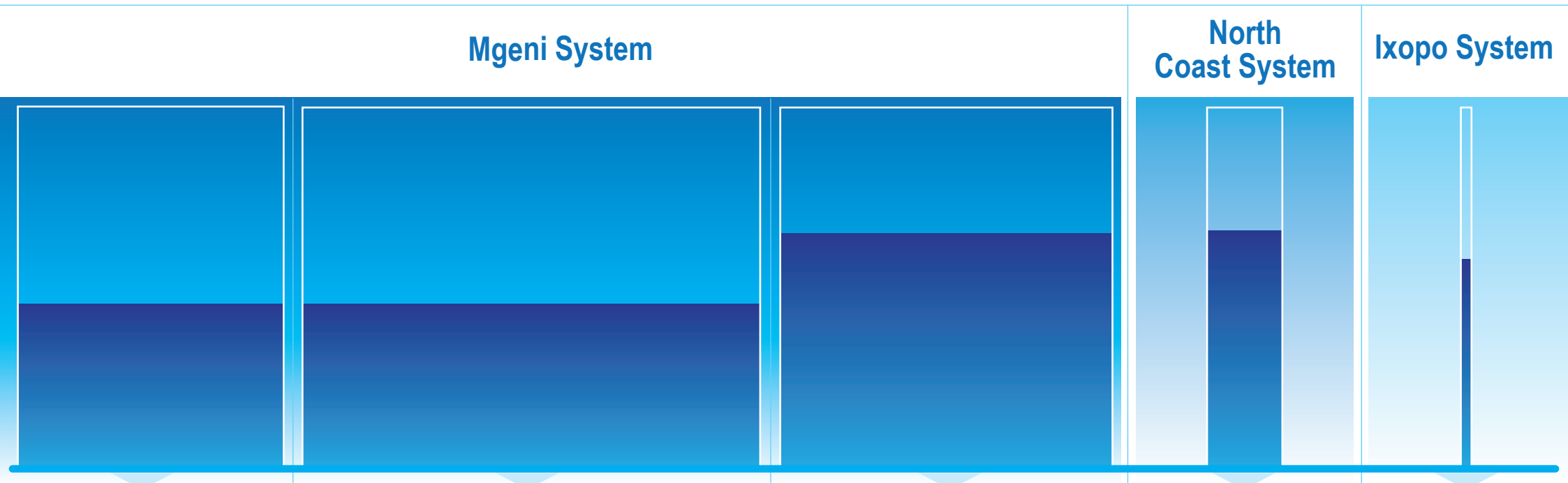
DROUGHT: YOUR GUIDE TO WATER RESTRICTIONS AND LEVELS OF DAMS

As at 06 October 2016

The graphs below are based on worst-case scenario, meaning that in the absence of rainfall and with current water restrictions in place, dams are predicted to run dry on the dates in these graphs.



Potential Failure* Date	Sep 2017	Jun 2017	Oct 2018	Sep 2017	Sep 2017

***Failure of a dam means that the dam has ultimately run out of water. This means there will be no water to treat and to supply to the consumer. To prevent this happening, reduce your water consumption.**

DOMESTIC AND INDUSTRIAL USE: MANDATORY WATER RESTRICTIONS

15%

Mgeni System

Midmar Dam
Pietermaritzburg, Midlands, Howick, Mpophomeni, Richmond, Hopewell, Thornville, Mkhambathini, Mbumbulu, Swayimane, Table Mountain, New Hanover, Dalton, Wartburg, eThekwini (Hillcrest, Cato Ridge, Hammarsdale & Georgedale)

Albert Falls/Nagle Dams
Durban North, Westville, KwaDabeka, Durban Central, Reservoir Hills and Pinetown

Inanda Dam
South Central Durban and Durban South (Amanzimtoti & KwaMakhutha)

30%

Ixopo and surrounding areas

North Coast System

Hazelmere System: Current water resource status: water restrictions have been lifted

The full supply capacity of the dams is in Megalitres (Mℓ). 1Mℓ = 1million litres

Midmar Dam 235000 Mℓ | **Albert Falls Dam** 289000 Mℓ + **Nagle Dam** 23200 Mℓ = Combined capacity **312200 Mℓ** | **Inanda Dam** 242000 Mℓ
Hazelmere Dam 17858 Mℓ | **Ixopo Dam** 555 Mℓ

Improving Quality of Life and Enhancing Sustainable Economic Development